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College Students Career Planning Education System Construction Strategy

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Abstract: Career planning is an important foundation for college students to achieve high-quality employment. Entering the new era, college students are facing a brand new employment environment. To adapt to the changes in employment, colleges and universities should update the career planning education system promptly, enhance students' employment competitiveness, and help students achieve high-quality employment. Based on this, this paper studies the construction strategies of the career planning education system in colleges and universities. The paper first analyzes the value of the construction of the career planning education system, and then expounds the main problems at present. On this basis, the paper puts forward specific strategies to help college students plan their careers scientifically and promote their good development.

Keywords: Colleges and universities; College students; Career planning education; System construction

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1. Introduction

With the popularization of higher education and the increasingly fierce competition in the job market, the importance of career planning education for college students has become increasingly prominent. Employment is the most basic livelihood, is an important guarantee for social stability, employment is the foundation of youth development. Scientific and reasonable career planning can not only help students clarify their career goals and formulate a reasonable development path but also improve their comprehensive quality and employment competitiveness, to achieve a win-win situation between personal value and social demand. However, there are still many deficiencies in the construction of the career planning education system in colleges and universities, which restricts the effective implementation of career planning education and the improvement of students' employment quality. Therefore, it is particularly important to study and build a career-planning education system for college students that adapts to the needs of the time.

2. The important value of the construction of a career planning education system for college students

2.1. It is conducive to improving the employment competitiveness of college students

Career planning education not only involves job-hunting knowledge, but also includes career development, career exploration, and decision-making ability. The establishment of a sound career planning education system can help students set up clear career goals and development plans from the beginning of enrollment, and continuously improve their professional skills, comprehensive quality, and professional accomplishment through systematic course learning, practical training, and personalized guidance. Such an education process not only allows students to have a clearer understanding of themselves and the professional world but also enables them to have a stronger competitiveness in the job market and get the desired job opportunities more easily.

2.2. It is conducive to improving career planning education

Building a career-planning education system for college students means to conduct a comprehensive review and reform of the existing education model. By introducing advanced educational concepts, teaching methods, and evaluation mechanisms, career planning education can be more in line with students' actual needs and development laws, and the educational forms will be more diversified and flexible. This is to promote career planning education in a more scientific, systematic, and efficient direction. Through the study of career courses, students can conduct scientific and comprehensive individual career research, accurately position themselves, clarify the future development direction, and form long-term career development plans.

2.3. It is conducive to the realization of high-quality employment

For college students, achieving high-quality employment not only means getting a stable job and reasonable salary but more importantly, they can exert their expertise and realize their self-value and social value in their work. The establishment of a career planning education system for college students can help students more accurately grasp the trends and changes of the job market, understand the needs and characteristics of different industries and positions, and make more sensible career choices. At the same time, through systematic career planning and ability improvement, students can adapt to the environment, integrate into the team show their talents faster in the work, and contribute their strength to the development of enterprises and the progress of society.

3. The main problems in the education system of career planning for college students 3.1. Lack of systematic curriculum design

At present, the course design of career planning education in colleges and universities is fragmented, and the teaching content is scattered and incoherent, which cannot form a complete practical system. Some colleges and universities only provide guidance on employment information and job-hunting skills, and lack systematic education on students' career planning and development, making it difficult for students to form clear career planning and career development goals, and unable to master effective career planning methods. In addition, some courses are outdated and fail to reflect changes in industry dynamics and market demand promptly, making it difficult for students to adapt to the rapidly changing job market after graduation.

3.2. It is out of step with market demand

At present, there is a disconnect between college career planning education and market demand. The teaching process pays too much attention to the imparting of theoretical knowledge and neglects the cultivation of students' practical ability and professional quality, which leads to a large gap between students' vocational ability and market demand. Some colleges and universities fail to fully understand the latest trends and trends of the job market, resulting in a large gap between the educational content and the market demand. This disconnection not only affects students' employment competitiveness but also limits the development space of career planning education in colleges and universities.

3.3. Insufficient construction of teaching staff

The quality and effect of career planning education largely depend on the quality and level of the teaching staff. However, there are still deficiencies in the construction of the teaching staff of career planning education in colleges and universities. Career planning education involves knowledge and skills in multiple disciplines, and requires teachers to have comprehensive qualities and abilities across disciplines, which also puts higher requirements on the construction of teacher teams. However, some teachers lack systematic professional training and practical experience and are unable to handle the heavy responsibility of career planning education.

4. Specific strategies for the construction of a career planning education system for college students

4.1. Establish a career education center and update the theory of system construction

In career planning education, colleges and universities should establish professional career education centers, which are specifically responsible for the overall planning, organization and coordination, resource integration and quality control, etc., and promote the updating of the system construction theory. First of all, define the center's positioning and responsibilities. Colleges and universities should define the position of the career education center in the school education system and regard it as an important platform to promote the professional and systematic development of career planning education. Its responsibilities include formulating educational plans, designing curriculum systems, organizing teaching activities, carrying out teacher training, providing consulting services, and evaluating educational effects. Secondly, the theory of system construction should be updated in time. Colleges and universities should keep pace with the development of the time, constantly update and improve the theoretical system, in-depth study of advanced career planning education concepts and practical experience at home and abroad, combined with the actual situation of the university and the characteristics of students, to form a career planning education theoretical system with the characteristics of the university. In this process, colleges and universities can introduce the knowledge and methods of psychology, sociology, economics, and other disciplines to effectively improve the scientific and practical effectiveness of career education. Thirdly, the integration and sharing of resources should be strengthened. Career education centers should integrate and utilize various resources inside and outside the school, including teachers, teaching facilities, internship and training bases, and alumni resources, to provide strong support for career planning education. Finally, the center should promote an effective combination of theoretical teaching and practical teaching. In the construction of the teaching system of career planning, schools should pay attention to the close combination of theory and practice, and organize a variety of practical activities, such as career planning competitions, career experience days, enterprise visits, and exchanges, so that students can

deepen their knowledge and understanding of the career world in practice, and improve their professional quality and comprehensive ability.

4.2. Build an excellent career planning team to improve the professional standards of teachers

To promote the effective construction of the career planning education system, schools should set up an excellent career planning team to continuously improve the professional level of teachers and promote the career development and growth of students. First of all, a diverse team should be formed. Schools should attach importance to the selection and introduction of career planning teachers, giving priority to outstanding talents with relevant professional backgrounds such as psychology, education, and human resource management, as well as in-depth research and practical experience in career planning, to establish a diversified career planning team and provide comprehensive professional guidance for students. In addition, the university can also recruit part-time teachers from society and enterprises to engage in employment guidance research and career planning, teach students the employment standards and future trends of society and enterprises, and provide reliable consultation for students' employment guidance. Secondly, the professional level of teachers should be improved. Schools should strengthen professional training for teachers in career planning, explain the latest career planning theories, industry development trends, consulting skills, and methods, update teachers' knowledge structure promptly, and improve teachers' professional standards.

4.3. Improve the curriculum system of career planning and take the initiative to meet the market demand

In the construction of the career planning system, schools should uphold the concept of "hot guidance, strong guidance, and warm service", based on the needs of course construction, fully integrate career education into the whole teaching process, take the initiative to connect with market development, and build a scientific and reasonable curriculum system. First of all, schools should promote the systematization of curriculum. The curriculum system of career planning should cover many aspects such as career planning theory, career exploration, vocational skills improvement, and professional quality training, forming a complete chain from theory to practice, and from self-cognition to career decision-making. Through the construction of systematic courses, students should be helped to fully understand the importance, basic methods, and operational steps of career planning. For example, to meet the needs of students seeking jobs, schools can set up compulsory courses such as "Practice of innovation and entrepreneurship for college students", "Career development and career planning" and "employment guidance." Through simulated interviews, vocational assessments, practical training, and enterprise visits, students can deepen their knowledge and understanding of the professional world in practice. According to the needs of students' career development, the school can set up electives such as "Internet thinking", "workplace etiquette", "communication ability" and "designer negotiation skills" to improve students' professional quality and comprehensive ability, and help them better adapt to the future work environment. To meet students' innovative and practical needs, the university can develop "full-time integrated" courses in various majors, such as "Creative copywriting" and "Design thinking", to strengthen practical guidance. Secondly, the individuation of career planning should be promoted. Each student has different interests, specialties, and career planning goals. Colleges and universities should integrate personalized teaching concepts into the career planning curriculum system and provide customized guidance programs according to the actual situation and needs of students.

Through one-on-one consultation, group discussion, and personalized counseling, students can clarify their career goals and make personalized career development plans. Finally, connect the dynamic market. Colleges and universities should pay close attention to the market dynamics and industry development trends when constructing the career planning course system to ensure that the course content is connected with the market demand. Through the establishment of close cooperative relations with enterprises, industry associations, etc., to understand the industry's demand for talents and changes, timely adjustment, and optimization of the course system. Invite enterprise experts and successful alumni to give lectures or lectures at the university to provide students with more practical and forward-looking career planning guidance.

4.4. Establish a feedback mechanism for graduates' employment and constantly update the curriculum system

To ensure the continuous effectiveness of the career planning education system for college students and keep pace with the time, colleges and universities should establish a feedback mechanism for graduates' employment to understand the employment situation of graduates and changes in market demand, and provide valuable data support and direction guidance for the optimization of the curriculum system. First, a tracking system for graduates should be established. Schools should establish a comprehensive graduate tracking system and regularly collect graduates' employment information, including the nature of employment units, industry distribution, job type, salary level, and career development path, to analyze graduates' employment quality, satisfaction, and the changing trend of market demand. Second, set up a feedback channel for graduates. Colleges and universities should set up convenient feedback channels for graduates, such as online questionnaires, telephone interviews, alumni association activities, etc., to encourage them to share their experiences and lessons in the employment process as well as opinions and suggestions on school career planning education, to provide an effective reference for a curriculum system update. Third, update the curriculum system in time. Schools should timely adjust and optimize the career planning curriculum system based on the analysis results of graduates' feedback. For example, given some vocational skills or knowledge, shortcomings commonly reported by graduates, relevant courses, or practical teaching can be added. In response to changes in market demand, course content and teaching focus can be adjusted to ensure that what students learn is in line with market demand. Fourth, establish a continuous improvement mechanism. By establishing a continuous improvement mechanism, it ensures that the curriculum system can be continuously updated and optimized with the constant changes in market demand and feedback from graduates, to maintain its effectiveness and foresight.

5. Conclusion

To sum up, college students' career planning education is a major project to promote employment and market development, which is closely related to social job demand and national future construction. Colleges and universities should attach importance to career planning education, pay attention to the establishment of career education centers, set up high-quality career planning teams, improve the curriculum system, establish a feedback mechanism for graduates' employment, and promote the development of career planning education to a more professional, systematic and market-oriented direction. With the deepening of education reform, the construction of a career planning education system for college students should be continuously optimized and improved, and constantly adapt to new challenges and opportunities in the industry.

Disclosure statement

The author declares no conflict of interest.

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