

Problems and Countermeasures in the Cultivation of Students' Innovation Skills in Vocational Colleges from the Perspective of Skills Competition

Xuesong Zhen, Hui Jiang, Shang Wang*

School of Automotive Engineering, Beijing Polytechnic, Beijing 100176, China

*Corresponding author: Shang Wang, 103049@bpi.edu.cn

Copyright: © 2023 Author(s). This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License (CC BY 4.0), permitting distribution and reproduction in any medium, provided the original work is cited.

Abstract: The cultivation of students' innovation skills in vocational colleges is of paramount importance in preparing them to excel in the everchanging and competitive world. However, there are several challenges that impede the development of students' innovation skills. This paper addresses these challenges from the perspective of skills competition and proposes practical countermeasures. These suggestions includes incorporating skills competition into the curriculum, provision of teacher training on innovation skills, encouraging industry partnerships, and fostering a culture of innovation within vocational colleges. Through the implementation of these measures, an environment that nurtures students' practical abilities, creativity, and innovation skills can be created. This research contributes to the existing body of knowledge on innovation education in vocational colleges and offers practical strategies for enhancing the cultivation of students' innovation ability.

Keywords: Students' innovation ability; Skills competition; Vocational colleges; Teaching

Online publication: July 27, 2023

1. Introduction

The issue of cultivating students' innovation skills is of great significance in this fast-paced world, particularly in vocational colleges ^[1,2]. Innovation skills equip students with the requisite skills and mindset to tackle complex problems, adapt to technological advancements, and contribute to economic growth. Nevertheless, there are several challenges in the cultivation of students' innovation skills in vocational colleges that hinder the nurturing of future talents ^[3,4]. This paper aims to shed light on the problems encountered in the cultivation of students' innovation ability in vocational colleges and propose viable countermeasures from the perspective of skills competition. By analyzing the existing research in this domain (**Section 2**), we can identify gaps and limitations in the current understanding. Through an in-depth exploration of the challenges faced (**Section 3**), we can gain a better understanding of the root causes and underlying issues that hinder the development of students' innovation skills.

Building upon these findings, this paper presents a series of practical recommendations (**Section 4**) to address the identified problems. These suggestions primarily revolve around incorporating skills competition into the curriculum, providing teacher training on innovation skills, encouraging industry partnerships, and fostering a culture of innovation within vocational colleges. These proposed measures aim to create an environment conducive to students' development of their innovation abilities and to inspire

their motivation for innovation. By undertaking this research and presenting its results and conclusions (**Section 5**), we aspire to contribute to the ongoing discourse on the cultivation of students' innovation ability in vocational colleges. The findings of this study act as reference for educational policymakers, administrators, and educators in designing effective strategies and practices that enhance the innovation skills of students in vocational colleges, ultimately benefiting both the students and society.

2. Research status

The cultivation of students' innovation ability has garnered considerable attention in the field of education, with researchers recognizing its paramount importance in preparing students for the demands of the modern workforce. Extensive studies have explored diverse approaches and strategies to foster innovation ability, focusing on various educational contexts, including vocational colleges. Qi [5] argued that vocational skills competitions can enhance students' practical abilities by adjusting teaching content and reforming teaching methods. Similarly, Wan [6] suggested that building a reasonable teaching system and creating new teaching evaluation methods can effectively promote the development of higher vocational education through skills competitions. Wang [7] found that skills competitions significantly improve students' employability in higher education institutions and enhances their teamwork skills, highlighting the importance of these competitions for students' career prospects. Liu [8] analyzed the benefits of participating in agricultural products quality and safety testing competitions in promoting the teaching level of agricultural products quality and safety testing, emphasizing the role of these competitions in improving the quality of teaching. Meanwhile, Li [9] explored the improvement of teaching methods in secondary vocational schools, using parts mapping and computer-aided design drawing competitions as an example. Li suggested ways to integrate relevant content into the teaching curriculum to enhance students' practical abilities and improve the quality of teaching. Wu [10] analyzed the role of skills competitions in advancing the metalworking internship curriculum, which enhances students' understanding of the course content and exercises their practical skills. Lastly, Wan [11] discussed the key technologies of the modern electrical control system skills competition and shared strategies for achieving favorable results, highlighting the importance of technological innovation in these competitions.

In short, previous research underscores the significance of cultivating students' innovation skills in vocational colleges and highlights the potential of skills competition as a way to achieve this objective. However, further investigation is needed to comprehensively understand the challenges faced and develop targeted countermeasures. This paper aims to contribute to the existing body of knowledge by addressing these problems and offering specific countermeasures to enhance the cultivation of students' innovation skills in vocational colleges.

3. Problems faced

3.1. Lack of practical teaching

In vocational colleges, there exists a pervasive inclination to prioritize theoretical knowledge over practical skills in the curriculum. This emphasis on theory often leads to a dearth of hands-on experiences and practical application of knowledge. Consequently, the students' innovation skills may remain underdeveloped as they miss out on opportunities to apply theoretical concepts in real-world contexts and acquire practical problem-solving skills.

3.2. Inadequate teacher training

A considerable number of vocational college teachers lack the necessary training and opportunities for professional development to effectively teach innovation skills. While they may possess expertise in specific technical domains, they may not possess the pedagogical knowledge and instructional strategies

required to foster students' innovation ability. The absence of appropriate training impedes teachers' capacity to guide and mentor students effectively, thereby limiting their ability to cultivate innovation skills.

3.3. Insufficient industry cooperation

Vocational colleges often encounter challenges in establishing robust ties and collaborations with industry partners. This lack of cooperation from the industry hinders students' exposure to real-world problems, cutting-edge technologies, and industry practices. Without meaningful involvement from the industry, students may not fully comprehend the demands and requirements of the job market, leading to a misalignment between their innovation skills and the practical needs of industries.

3.4. Limited student motivation

A significant number of vocational college students may lack motivation to develop their innovation skills due to various factors. Some students possess a limited understanding of the importance of innovation in their future careers, viewing it as a secondary skill compared to technical expertise. Additionally, a lack of confidence in their own abilities or a fear of failure can impede their motivation to engage in innovative activities. This limited motivation poses a substantial challenge to fostering students' innovation skills in vocational colleges.

In the subsequent sections (**Section 4**), we will present specific recommendations to address each of these problems, aiming to provide effective countermeasures for the cultivation of students' innovation skills in vocational colleges. By addressing these challenges, we can create an environment that nurtures and enhances students' innovation capacity, preparing them to be adaptable and creative professionals in the ever-changing world.

4. Targeted suggestions

4.1. Incorporating skills competition into the curriculum

To address the lack of practical teaching in vocational colleges, it is crucial to actively incorporate skills competition into the curriculum. By integrating these competitions, students will have the opportunity to engage in hands-on experiences, apply theoretical knowledge to real-world problems, and develop their practical abilities. Skills competition serves as a platform for students to showcase their innovative projects, gaining recognition for their achievements and motivating them to excel in their innovation endeavors.

4.2. Providing teacher training on innovation skills

To overcome the challenge of inadequate teacher training, vocational colleges should prioritize comprehensive professional development programs for their educators. These training initiatives should focus on equipping teachers with the necessary knowledge and pedagogical strategies to effectively guide students in developing innovation skills. Specifically, teachers should receive training on fostering a creative and supportive learning environment, integrating innovative teaching methodologies, and providing constructive feedback to students.

4.3. Encouraging industry partnerships

Vocational colleges to actively seek partnerships with industries in order to address the issue of insufficient industry cooperation. Collaborations with industry partners offer valuable benefits to students, including exposure to real-world problems, access to industry experts, and opportunities for internships or practical projects. By forging strong ties with industries, vocational colleges can ensure that students' innovation abilities align with the current and future needs of the job market, thereby enhancing their employability and practical skills.

4.4. Creating a culture of innovation

To overcome limited student motivation, vocational colleges should prioritize the creation of a culture of innovation within their educational institutions. This can be achieved by promoting innovation-related activities, organizing innovation fairs or exhibitions, and establishing innovation clubs or communities. By creating an environment that celebrates and recognizes innovative ideas and achievements, students will be motivated to develop their innovation abilities, gain confidence in their skills, and understand the value and importance of innovation in their personal and professional growth.

5. Results

The proposed measures in Chapter 4 have great potential for cultivating innovation ability in vocational colleges. These interventions address challenges identified in Chapter 3, creating a learning environment that fosters practical skills, creativity, and innovation among students. Incorporating skills competitions into the curriculum provides opportunities for students to apply theoretical knowledge to real-world problems, enhancing their practical abilities and problem-solving skills. Teacher training programs on innovation skills equip educators with the necessary pedagogical knowledge to guide students effectively. Partnerships with industries strengthen connections between vocational colleges and the job market, facilitating internships and industry mentorship opportunities for students.

To develop a culture of innovation in vocational colleges, it is essential to organize innovation-related activities, create innovation clubs, and celebrate innovative ideas. It is also crucial to monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of these interventions in the long term, and to assess their impact on students' innovation skills, employability, and academic performance. Future research should be done on the potential of emerging technologies, such as virtual reality and artificial intelligence, in enhancing innovation education in vocational colleges.

6. Conclusions

In conclusion, cultivating innovation ability in vocational colleges is critical for preparing students to succeed in this rapidly evolving world. This paper has identified and addressed the challenges hindering innovation development in vocational colleges and highlighted the importance of skills competitions. By incorporating skills competitions into the curriculum, providing teacher training on innovation skills, fostering industry partnerships, and nurturing a culture of innovation, vocational colleges can create an environment that promotes practical skills, creativity, and motivation among students. These measures enhance students' innovation abilities and employability, contributing to the development of a skilled and innovative workforce.

The findings of this research provide practical and practical strategies for educators, policymakers, and administrators to enhance innovative education in vocational colleges. By implementing these measures and continually refining and evaluating their effectiveness, vocational colleges can empower students with the necessary skills and mindset to become innovative and adaptable professionals. We hope that this research stimulates further discussions, research, and implementation of effective practices in the field of innovation education in vocational colleges. Collaboration among educators, industry partners, and policymakers is essential to ensuring the development of a skilled and innovative workforce prepared to tackle future challenges.

Funding

- (1) The Project of China Vocational Education Association (Project number: ZJS2022YB024)
- (2) The Project of Innovation and Development Center of Ideological and Political Work (Beijing Polytechnic), Ministry of Education (Project number: 2022X305-SXZC)

Disclosure statement

The authors declare no conflict of interest.

Author contributions

X.Z. and S.W. conceived the idea of the study and wrote the first draft of the paper. H.J. revised the format of the article.

References

- [1] Wang S, 2019, Significance, Characteristics and Implementation Measures of the Implementation Plan of National Vocational Education Reform. Journal of Shijiazhuang Vocational and Technical College, 31(3): 4–10. http://doi.org/10.3969/j.issn.1009-4873.2019.03.002
- [2] Wang S, Peng F, Feng Z, 2023, The Role of Skills Competitions in Improving the Practical Ability of Vocational College Students. Journal of Contemporary Educational Research, 7(2): 23–28. http://doi.org/10.26689/jcer.v7i2.4708
- [3] Wang S, Wang X, Li M, 2023, Experimental Research on Introducing Skills Competition-based Content into Classroom Teaching. Scientific and Social Research, 5(2): 1–8. http://doi.org/10.26689/ssr.v5i2.4707
- [4] Wang S, Peng F, Li M, 2022, Enhancing the Problem-Solving Skills of Vocational Students through Skills Competition. Journal of Contemporary Educational Research, 6(12): 9–15. http://doi.org/10.26689/jcer.v6i12.4546
- [5] Qi N, 2014, On the Training of the Computer Science Students' Practical Ability in the Higher Vocational Colleges Based on the Professional Skills Competition. Journal of Shaoguan University, 2014(10): 95–98. https://doi.org/10.3969/j.issn.1007-5348.2014.10.022
- [6] Wan L, 2022, Promote the Development of Higher Vocational Education with the Help of Vocational Skills Competition. The Road to Success, 2022(27): 25-28. https://doi.org/10.3969/j.issn.1008-3561.2022.27.009
- [7] Wang P, Wang Y, 2015, Study on the Role of Skills Competition to Enhance the Employ Ability of Higher Vocational Students. Jiangsu Science & Technology Information, 2015(28): 52–53. https://doi.org/10.3969/j.issn.1004-7530.2015.28.022
- [8] Liu ZJ, Wan J, 2021, Review and Enlightenment of Lead Detection in Tea in the Guangdong Vocational College Skills Competition for Quality and Safety Test of Agricultural Products. Guangdong Chemical Industry, 48(14): 342–344. https://doi.org/10.3969/j.issn.1007-1865.2021.14.146
- [9] Li Y, 2020, Discussion on the Improvement of Teaching Method Based on the Competition of Spare Parts Mapping and CAD Mapping Technology in Secondary Vocational School. Modern Manufacturing Technology and Equipment, 2020(5): 222–224. https://doi.org/10.3969/j.issn.1673-5587.2020.05.104
- [10] Wu L, Lin KF, Zhong JL, 2020, Index System Construction and Result Analysis of Effectiveness

- Evaluation of Teaching Methods of Metalworking Practical Training. China Educational Technology & Equipment, 2020(24): 149–152. https://doi.org/10.3969/j.issn.1671-489X.2020.24.149
- [11] Wan XC, Qi XB, 2020, Discussion on the Key Technologies of "Installation and Debugging of Modern Electrical Control System" in Skill Competition. Journal of Southern Vocational Education, 10(2): 87–94. https://doi.org/10.3969/j.issn.2095-073X.2020.02.016

Publisher's note

Bio-Byword Scientific Publishing remains neutral with regard to jurisdictional claims in published maps and institutional affiliations.